## CHRONICLE

OF

## WILLIAM

The Son of

## GEORGE.

With all that passed at the BATTLE of Tournay; the mighty Acts of W-k the Prince, and In—dsby the Brigadier.

Put not your Trust in D—hmen, nor in the Sons of H—ll—d, in whom there is no Help.

King David.

By DATHAN the Jew, Physician to Koning segg the Marshal

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NOW it came to pals, in the Days of GEORGE the Second, King of the Nations of Great Britain.

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2. That Lewis, the King of France, was at War with the Nations round about: For he was an ambitious Prince, as his Forefathers were; and he fought to make himself greater than all the Kings of the Earth.

Hungary, and against many other Princes of the Land of Germany; and he also fought against the King of Sardinia.

4. Moreover he stirred up Nation against Nation, and Kingdom against Kingdom; and the Terror of his Name was great, and Fear came upon all his Neighbours.

5. But the Lord stirred up the Heart of George King of Britain, and his Anger was kindled against Lewis, and his Blood waxed hot within him; and he sent Messengers to

Maria Queen of Hungary, faying,

6. Fear not, neither be thou dismayed, for behold the Lord hath raised thee a Friend out of the midst of the Waters, and from the Isles shall he come forth to thine Assistance; and thou shalt stand before thine Enemy, and he shall not be able to prevail against thee: For the Lord humbleth the Proud, and bringeth the Council of the Wicked to nought,

7. And George sent Money to Maria, that she might hire Soldiers to encrease her Army; moreover he put himself at the Head of his Men of War, and marched into the Land of Germany: And the Forces of George joined themselves unto the Forces of Maria, and the King of the Britons was

Captain of the Hoft.

8. Then Lewis sent forth one of his great Captains, whose Name was Noailles, and he came out against George and put

his Army in array against him at Detringen.

9. And the Lord delivered Noailles, and his Men, even the Flower of the Army of Lewis, into the Hand of George; and many perished by the Sword, and the residue sled; and the Captains, and Generals of Maria pursued them, and drove them out of the Land of Germany.

To. Moreover the Hussars, and Pandors, and Creatians, and Warradins, and Austrians, and Hungarians, and many others that fought for Maria, passed over the Rhine, and followed the Men of Lewis into their own Country, and plundered the Land, and returned home laden with great Riches.

Kings go forth to Battle, it came to pass, that Lewis gather-

ed together another Army greater than the first.

12. And he caused them to go up against the strong Holds and the senced Cities of Maria, to take, and to destroy, and

to lay waste.

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13. Now George King of Britain had a valiant Son whose Name was William, and he was trained in the Art of War from his Youth up, until he was twenty five Years old; and his Mother's Name was Caroline.

14. And George spake unto the young Man, saying, thou art my Son, and Valour is with thee, as for me I am waxing in years and Age cometh upon me: therefore let me wear out the Residue of my Days, in the Land of Peace, and do thou

go forth with the Men of War.

he shall be King after me; wherefore he stayeth at home, and giveth himself up to the Study of Matchiavel, and Puffendorf, that so he may learn to rule wisely, and to govern the Kingdom in Peace.

16. And now, behold the King of France ceaseth not to fight against us, and against the Cause which we have sworn to defend: Now therefore arise, and gird on thy Sword, and go unto the Army which I have sent into Flanders, and take

17. Be strong therefore, of good Courage, and acquit

thee like a Man : Am NOT I THY FATHER ?

18. So William arose, and girt on his Sword, and went by the Way of Holland, which is also called the Land of the Dutch, and came unto the Army, and took the Command thereof.

19. And the Men of Lewis affembled themselves together near Tournay, in Number about sourscore Thousand; and A 2

they encamped before the City, and begirt it round about, and laid Siege unto it.

20. Now Tournay belongeth to the Dutch, and standeth on the Frontiers of their Country; and there was a Garrison in

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the City.

21. And William the son of George, and Koning segg, Maria's General, and Waldeck the Prince, who commanded the Men of Holland, took counsel together, saying, behold the French besiege Tournay; now therefore let us go up against them, that we may raise the Siege and deliver the City from the Hand of the Enemy.

22. So they caused the Host to advance towards Towrnay, and in the Evening they pitched their Tents at a Place called Bougnies, which was so nigh unto the advanced Guards of the Enemy, that a Slinger might cast a Stone from one Ar-

my to the other.

23. And Saxe, the Captain of the Host of the French, sent Messengers unto Liwis, saying, I have encamped against Tourney, and have besieged the City, and behold William, the Son of George King of the Britons, is come up against me at the Head of his Father's Troops.

24. Moreover he hath brought with him an Host of Dutchmen, and Hanoverians, and Austrians, even the whole Army of the Allies: Howbeit, the Siege goeth on success-

fully;

25. Now therefore, come thou and take the City, lest it be given unto me, and the Glory thereof unto my Name.

26. And when Lewis heard these Things, he bade his Servants make ready, and they made ready his Coach, and he

departed from Versailles, and came into the Host.

27. And when he arrived in the Camp, the whole Army shouted for Joy, and fired an hundred and fifty Pieces of Ordinance into the City, and burnt many Houses, and destroy-

ed the Temples of the Idols.

28. Now it came to pass, that immediately after William arrived with his Army at Bougnies, he went out into the Plain and took Waldeck and Koning seg along with him; and these three Captains examined the Ground, and marked the Field of Battle.

29. Then William lift up his Eyes, and behold the Men

of Lewis had divided themselves into small Parties.

30. And one Party hid themselves in the Fields, and in the Woods, and under the Hedges; and these were called Pandenrs, and Grassins, and they were covered by certain small squadrons, which were posted before them.

Veson; and these were likewise covered by Detatchments,

placed at small Distances one from the other.

32. And another Party was lodged in a Village called Fontenoy, and there was yet another Village, which they confumed with Fire; for they faid, lest peradventure it should be an Hindrance unto us, or lest the Allies take possession of it: For it stood betwirt Fontenoy and the Army of William,

33. And these seperate Parties were a sore Hindrance to the Host of the Allies, which could not get into the Plain, that was before the Camp of the French, until these Men were

driven from their advanced Posts.

of the Army twelve Squadrons and fix Pieces of Cannon, and two Hawbitzers.

35. And William said unto them, behold the Enemies are dispersed over the Face of the Country in small Parties: now therefore go ye up against them, and drive them from their

strong Holds.

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36. And the Men did as they were commanded, and forced the French out of their Lodgments and their strong Holds, but the Village which is called Fontency did they not force, because it was nigh unto the Camp. And this was done the same Evening that the Army came to Bongnies.

37. Moreover William gave orders, saying, let the whole Army be ready to advance against the Enemy at the second

Hour of the Morning.

38. And a certain Man answered him, and said, behold there is a Village before us, which hath a Fort near the Wood mounted with Cannon, and the Enemy hath lodged five or six hundred Men in the Place.

39. Then

39. Then William spake unto one of the general Officers who was called a Brigadier, and said unto him, the Enemy hath about six hundred Men in the Fort near the Wood.

40. Arise therefore and take with thee four Battalions of chosen Men, and three Pieces of Cannon, and possess thyself of this Fort, lest peradventure, it proveth a Thorn in our Side.

41. And the Brigadier answered and said, It shall be done, and he went forth and took with him the Battaliens and the Cannon. Howbeit he attacked not the Fort. And the Name

of the Brigadier was In-dsby.

42. And when the Morning was come, the Son of George arose, and made ready for the Battle; and he spake unto one of the mighty Man of Valour, whose Name was Campbell, saying, thus, and thus, shall thou do, and thou shalt cover the Infantry of the Right Wing with three thousand Horsemen, and extend the Squadrons along the Plain, even from the Wood until thou comest to Fontency.

43. For behold I have fet Ligonier, a valiant and skilful General, over the Footmen in the right Wing; and thou shall be a Wall before him, that he may form the lines in safety.

44. And behold a Cannon Ball smote Campbell and Shot off his Leg, and his Servanes bare him to his Chariot, and he aied therein, and was lamented by all that knew him: And there was none found to command in his stead, so that Ligonier, and his Men, were exposed to the Fury of the Batteries.

45. Howbeit the Wisdom and Courage of Ligonier prevailed against the Batteries of the French, and he drew up his Men

in two Lines, in the Front of the Battle.

of Holland were there. And Waldeck spake unto William, and unto Koning segg saying, behold I will go up against the Enemy at Foniency, and they answered, do as thou hast said, so William, and Koning segg, and Ligonier, and all the chief Captains of the Host depended upon Waldeck.

47. And straightway Ligonier sent an Aid de Camp unto William, saying, all Things are now ready, and, if thou approvest it, I will cause the Battle to begin, at what Time Wal-

deck goeth up against Fontenoy.

48. And

48. And M-r G-l P \*\*\*\* faid unto William, the Time is come for In-deby to attack the Fort near the Wood: Nevertheless he goeth not up.

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50. And William lent other Mellengers, and they told Inby, faying, thus faith WILLIAM the Captain of the Host, get thee up instantly, and attack the Fort, as thou were

commanded. Albeit In-by went not up yet.

51. And Ligonier also sent Messenger after Messenger unto In—by, saying, wherefore dost thou not destroy the Fort? seest thou not that the Host is greatly annoyed by the Cannon of the Place, yea, and the People are cut down, and fall in their Ranks, as the Grass falleth before the Scythe of the Mower.

52. But notwithstanding all this, In- by never went up,

53. Then Waldeck marched against Fonteney; but his evil Genius went with him and he was discomfitted before the Village.

74. Howbest William put himself at the Head of his own Troops, and led them against the Host of the Frenchmen.

53. But the Army of Lewis was superiour in Number to the Army of the Allies, for they had not more than sifty thousand Men that drew the Sword, and Lewis had fourscore thousand. Albeit there is a Report, that the King of France ventured not into the Battle.

56. And the Son of Lewis, who is called the Dauphin, and Saxe the Captain of the Host, set the Battle in Array against William, and planted great Numbers of Cannon, and other Pieces of Ordinance and fired upon him and his Army e're they came up.

57. Howbeit William and his Men were intrepid, and marched on through the Fire, and the Smoke and the Tumult; and advanced within thirty Paces of the French, and the Bails

began.

58. And Ligonier did Wonders in the Field, and he, and his Men, that fought on Foot, bore down all before them; and terrible was the Slaughter on both Sides.

59. And

19. And the Conflict was fore against the French, and they retreated to their own Camp; and William was Master of the Field, and many began to exult, and to cry out Victory!

60. When, lo! the Guns roared against them from the Heights of Fontency, and from the Fort near the Wood; and William and his Men were assaulted with cross Fires.

61. Moreover the French rallied in their Entrenchments, and affaulted them in Front. Destruction fell on them on all Sides, and Horror encompassed them about: And, finally, the Victors were driven back.

62. Howbeit the Army was again put in Order, by the Courage, and good Conduct, of William and Koinglegg.

63. And the General encouraged the Soldiers, and they fell again upon the French, and drove them as before; and ma-

ny fell by the Sword.

64. But the Men of Lewis had the Advantage of Situation, as well as Numbers; yet the Measures, and Dispositions of William were formed with such Wisdom, and such was his Courage, and so gallant were the Deeds of Ligonier; that Victory must, at length, have declared for the Allies; had it not been given unto the Men of Lewis, by the Tr—— and C——dice of the D——ch.

65. Who being on the left Wing, came not up to the first Attack, nor to the second; yea they remained in their Places, and gave up William and the Host, to be overpowered

and cut off by the Multitude of their Enemies.

tle, and the Army retired in good Order. Albeit the Soldiers curfed W-k, and In-by, and the Men of H-11-d,

67. And there fell of the People that Day, four Thousand Britions, and two Thousand Hanoverians; and twelve Hundred Horses.

68. Howbeit the Lois of the French was greater than the Lois of the Allies: Nevertheless they remained in their Camp, and the City is besieged unto this Day.

Here endeth the First Book of the Chronicle of WILLIAM the Son of GEORGE, 23 JY 09